

THE CARBON NEWS

VOL. I. No. 2

CARBON, ALTA., THURSDAY, May 4th, 1921

FRANK PETERS, EDITOR

QUALITY

SERVICE

BRAN & SHORTS

Selling at a Special Price
TO CLEAR OUT STOCK

THE COBURN STORE

Limited

GENERAL MERCHANT

CARBON, Alta.

YOUR money is hardly earned, and as proceeds are received from sales of crops, hogs and other live stock, the money should be deposited in the Bank, where it will be safe until again required for farm operations.

There are always men to recommend schemes and investments for your money, which may or may not be safe, but about which YOU know little or nothing. Let the man who gets money easily take the chances. Keep your money in The Bank of Toronto, where you can get it when wanted.

We Give Service
CARBON BRANCH
J. L. Thompson

THE BANK OF TORONTO

JUST RECEIVED FRESH SHIPMENT OF CHOCOLATES

Watch this Space Next Week
for Drug Bargains

REXALL DRUG STORE

F. MORRISON, Phm.B., Dispensing Chemist

Local News

A meeting of the U. F. A. will be held in the Farmers Exchange Hall on Saturday May 7th, at 2-p. m. Business will include Elevator business and the ordering of binder twine. We will expect to see all those who are interested.

LEVINS—CAVE

A pretty wedding was solemnised at the Presby Church last Wednesday, when W. H. Levins of Carbon, bachelor, and Mrs F. Cave Widow were united in the bonds of holy matrimony. Mr D. F. Robertson was the Officiating Clergyman.

After the big wedding everybody went to the Farmers Exchange Hall and enjoyed a Real Old Time Dance.

Mr Pête Turcotte of Carbon was rushed to the Hospital on Tuesday morning to undergo an operation for appendicitis. We hope for a speedy recovery.

Mrs W. B. Hodgson of Dorothy Alberta is visiting her sister Mrs Dr McFarlane.

Miss Bertha Sailer is working for Gotlieb Schell and cleaning the house.

Miss Charlotta Shmerer from California is a visitor to Jacob Byer's place. We are glad to see her here among us again.

BORN, a son to Mr and Mrs John Brost.

Mr Edward Harsch was in Carbon last Saturday evening, he went home on horse back and when half way, his horse bucked him off so he had to walk home, 3 1/2 miles.

We welcome to Carbon Dr. A. C. Johnstone, who has opened his office in the Stringer Building, on Glengary street. The doctor is a graduate of Queen's University, 1907, and a post graduate of the New York and Chicago post graduate hospitals.

He served overseas with the 32nd General Hospital in Egypt and Mesopotamia, during the recent war. He has practised in Ontario and Saskatchewan, and comes well recommended to look after the medical work of Carbon and community.

The Doctor and family will take up residence on Church st. next week.



At The
FARMERS EXCHANGE
Wednesday, May 11th

THE

FARMERS' EXCHANGE

EVERYBODY'S STORE

Full Line of Baseball Goods

Boys Bats from 50c up.

Catchers' Mitts.

First Base Mitts & Fielders' Mitts.

Our Stock is Complete.

THE FARMERS' EXCHANGE

GENERAL MERCHANTS
CARBON

GROCERIES BAKERY Gents' Furnishing

Fresh Bread
Baked Daily

WILSON BROS. GROCERIES, BAKERY & CONFECTIONERY

Roman Catholic Church

Mass every last Sunday of the month.

Dr. Mac QUEEN
Dentist

will be in Carbon May 18th, and in Three Hills May 19th.

The Shortage of Homes

While not prepared to fully accept the statement recently credited to Canada's only woman cabinet minister that this Dominion stands in need of one million new houses, which would mean that at the present time something more than one-half our estimated population of nine millions of people lack reasonable housing accommodation—most Canadians will readily agree that the provision of additional housing is one of the pressing needs of this country. Canada, however, is not peculiar in this respect; it is a condition which prevails in practically all countries, and constitutes a problem that is engaging the attention of people in Great Britain, the United States and other countries.

Dealing with the housing problem in Great Britain a short time ago, Lloyd George uttered one of those epigrams for which he is noted, and compressed in a few words a truth which is well all statesmen, in fact all citizens, should recognize. He said: "You cannot maintain an A-1 empire with a C-3 population. You cannot bring up healthy people in unhealthy homes."

A lack of adequate and proper housing accommodation means the resorting to makeshifts, to overcrowding of people and whole families in buildings where the necessary conditions of sanitation required to maintain health cannot be observed; it means the use for purposes of habitation of buildings which should not be devoted to such purposes; it means a loss of that privacy in family life, the loss of which so frequently leads to a laxity in morals; it means, in fact, the physical and moral deterioration of the people and a consequent weakening of the nation. The effect on babies and young children, who are the hope and citizenship of the future, is positively dangerous and alarming.

Socially and economically the result of inadequate and bad housing is just as serious as it is in a physical way. When people are compelled to live cluttered together in a state of congestion, or in habitations which are not fit for human beings, unrest and general dissatisfaction with the prevailing order of things is engendered, and, as inevitably Governments and the present system of industrial life and society are blamed, rabid socialistic and even revolutionary ideas and doctrines are accepted and spread, discontent grows, and the very life of the State is threatened, the while the physical standard is being lowered.

Revolutionary ideas and extreme socialistic doctrines seldom find much acceptance among people who are the owners of the dwellings in which they live. Ownership of a bit of land, and a house which becomes a permanent home, is the best possible guarantee of contentment within and stability for a nation. In Canada it is frankly recognized that the large percentage of the population engaged in agriculture and living on land of their own, and not as tenants, is the one outstanding reason why this Dominion has escaped to a greater extent than perhaps any other country the perils which have threatened the world following the upheaval of the Great War.

If not a million new houses, at least tens of thousands are required in Canada this year. Yet the prospect of obtaining them is remote unless some action is taken to meet the need. It cannot be met under existing conditions if left solely to individual effort, initiative, enterprise and available financial resources of individuals. Governments and municipalities have made some provision, but it is inadequate and haphazard in contrast with the importance and seriousness of the problem. Something further is required, and it would seem as if that "something" should be provided, not in the way of paternal Government assistance, but in the direction of encouragement of building operations all over the Dominion.

How is this to be done? In the humble opinion of the writer of this article, by Governmental action bringing about a lowering in the present costs of construction. Governments in Canada, Federal and Provincial, own and control millions of acres of forest and timber lands. They have it in their power to reduce the cost of lumber to the people of Canada by developing those resources on a large scale and in a scientific manner. By so doing they can provide employment for thousands of laborers and artisans, develop the natural resources of the country, and add immeasurably to the wealth and prosperity of the nation.

The cost of transporting needed commodities from one part of the Dominion to another has risen enormously in recent years because of increased freight rates. Admitting that increased rates were necessary to enable the railways to pay their way, it would nevertheless appear to be the part of statesmanship to reduce those rates on lumber and other building materials in order to build up the country.

Cheaper lumber in the first instance, and a lower cost for transporting it to those who want it and will gladly use it if they can obtain it at a reasonable price within their means, would operate as an immediate and tremendous factor in bringing about renewed building activity. This would provide an enormous volume of employment, and artisans with steady work and wages would soon begin to build homes for themselves. It would mean greater prosperity, less unrest, better health. Under present conditions even those who can possibly afford to build defer doing so because of a belief that sooner or later costs of construction will fall, and they would then be faced with a heavy depreciation in the value of properties constructed at present high prices. They, therefore, continue to occupy houses, paying unduly high rents for the time being, which houses would otherwise be made available at a more moderate figure for those who are not in a position to build for themselves.

Coal Industry in Saskatchewan.
The coal mining industry in Saskatchewan gave employment for the year ending March 31st, 1921, to 3,400 men. There were forty-five mines in this district under operation, and the total output of coal was 334,389 tons.

The women of Egypt have cast aside their seclusion and are demanding freedom from imprisonment in the harem.

Russia is the only great gold producing country in Europe.

A Better Table Drink INSTANT POSTUM

Made instantly in the cup by adding hot water—no delay and no waste. Delightful and satisfying in flavor, with none of the harm that sometimes comes from tea or coffee.

"There's a Reason"
Sold by grocers everywhere!



Leg that Wouldn't Heal

"Ever since a boy of fourteen," writes Mr. John Redmond, of West Frampton, Que., "I had trouble with a bad leg. I used many remedies. Though some appeared to heal the ulcer for a while, it always broke out again as bad as ever. This last time I suffered continuously for nine years, and the old remedies had absolutely no effect."

"The limb was in an awful state when someone advised me to get Zam-Buk right away. I had only used this herbal healer a few days when I began to see great improvement. So I continued the treatment, for even Zam-Buk, needed time to have complete effect. However, I am glad to tell you that it was only by the aid of Zam-Buk that the leg was eventually thoroughly healed. Never a sign of the ulcer since."

**Only Needed
Zam-Buk**

See box, all dealers.

Another Ancient Civilization.

Ruins recently discovered in the vicinity of El Perote, State of Vera Cruz, reveal the existence of an ancient civilization hitherto unknown. Idols discovered are neither of stone or clay, but of a curious bright substance heavy and looking like tin.

CHILDHOOD INDIGESTION

Nothing is more common in childhood than indigestion. Nothing is more dangerous to proper growth, more weakening to the constitution or more likely to pave the way to dangerous disease. Fully nine-tenths of all the minor ills of childhood have their root in indigestion. There is no medicine for the little ones to equal Baby's Own Tablets in relieving this trouble. They have proved of benefit to thousands of homes. Concerning them Mrs. Jos. Lunette, Immaculee Conception, Que., writes: "My baby was a great sufferer from indigestion, but the Tablets soon set her right and now I would not be without them." Baby's Own Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Yes, the moon and a woman's heart are constantly changing—but there's always a man in them.

Drives Asthma Before It. The smoke vapor from Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy gives asthma no chance to linger. Our experience with the relief-giving remedy shows how actual and positive is the succor it gives. It is the result of long study and experiment and was not submitted to the public until its makers knew it would do its work well.

Too many men in the country vote as they pray—and they never pray unless it is to ask a personal favor.

Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend.

A Federal Research Bureau

Bill Providing For This Will Be Fathered by Sir George E. Foster

Provision for steps to be taken toward the equipment of a federal research institute on somewhat the same basis as the bureau of standards at Washington, will be made in a bill to be introduced in the house by George Foster, minister of trade and commerce.

The provision of a research bureau at or near Ottawa has been urged upon the government during the last two sessions by the honorary and advisory council for industrial and scientific research. It has been urged by the council and by the members of the special parliamentary committee on scientific research that the establishment of a research bureau here was absolutely necessary if Canada was to take her proper place in industrial and scientific development.

The proposals which were laid before the government called for an expenditure of about a half a million dollars for buildings and equipments, but it is understood that this estimate has been somewhat modified and that the initial outlay would not be more than \$200,000 for the first year.

Automobiles cost as much as \$100,000 each in Russia.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

W. N. U. 1366

A Gruesome Paradise

Russia Dying Before the Eyes of a Helpless World.

After a little over three years of Soviet rule Russia lies dying before the eyes of a helpless world. What was to have been the triumph of Marxian Socialism has become a disaster, which has involved in mental and physical suffering many millions of human beings, besides sweeping away all the foundations upon which their prosperity rested. When Lenin, Trotsky and Chicherin seized the reins of power towards the close of 1917 they proclaimed a Communist Government with a Constitutional Assembly—which has never assembled from that day to this—in which 'he last word as well as the first word would lie with "the workers." At last the great masses of Russia, whether living in the towns or engaged in various agricultural pursuits in the countryside, were to come into their own. What has been the sequel?—London Daily Telegraph.

A Divorce Granted

After many years of patient suffering, you can be divorced from corns, you can get rid of them completely by applying Putnam's Corn Extractor. This wonderful old remedy acts in 24 hours and never fails. Refuse a substitute and remember "Putnam's" is the only Painless remedy. 25c everywhere.

In English law there is no definition of an accident.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Sirs,—I have used your MINARD'S LINIMENT for the past 25 years and whilst I have occasionally used other liniments I can safely say that I have never used any equal to yours.

If rubbed between the hands and inhaled frequently, it will never fail to relieve cold in the head in 24 hours. It is also the best for bruises, sprains, etc.

Yours truly,
I. G. LESLIE.

Dartmouth.

Hawaii Using Volcanoes

Scientists Claim Volcanic Gases Have Limitless Possibilities.

The volcanoes of Hawaii, whether dead or alive, are working for, or are going to be made to work for the people. Honolulu has just tapped the extinct crater of Palolo, overlooking the city, and is getting therefrom 2,000,000 gallons of drinking water daily. Hilo, on the island of Hawaii, is raising a fund to tap the active volcano Kilauea and utilize the tremendous volume of gases there for industrial and other purposes. Scientists say that pentup volcanic gases have limitless possibilities from an industrial and power standpoint, while they also contain all the food elements necessary to sustain the human body—carbon, nitrogen, hydrogen and lime.

TROUBLED WITH ITCHY ECZEMA

In Rash On Face And Limbs.
Cuticura Heals.

"I had been troubled with eczema on my face which took the form of a rash. Later it broke out on my limbs and they itched very much, causing me to scratch them until they were bleeding. The rash would often keep me awake at night."

"I tried some remedies, which failed, and then thought I would try Cuticura Soap and Ointment. It was not long till the rash began to disappear, and I used three cakes of Soap and four boxes of Ointment, which healed me." (Signed) W. M. Hymers, Paris, Ont., Sept. 12, 1919.

Cuticura Soap to cleanse, Cuticura Ointment to soothe and heal.

Soap 25c, Ointment 25c and 50c. Sold throughout the Dominion, Canadian Depot: Lyman, Limited, St. Paul St., Montreal. Cuticura Soap shaves without razor.

Farm Products of B.C.

The British Columbia minister of agriculture, Hon. E. B. Barrow, announces that the value of the farm products of the Pacific province last year exceeded sixty-eight million dollars. The minister adds that not more than 15 per cent. of the area capable of cultivation is occupied.

Nearly all children are subject to worms, and many are born with them. Spare them suffering by using Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, an excellent remedy.

English Sociologist is Dead in Peking.

The death in Peking of Professor Bertrand Russell, English sociologist, mathematician and philosopher, who arrived in China late in 1920 for a lecture, is reported.

USE SLOAN'S TO WARD OFF PAIN

You can just tell by its healthy, stimulating odor, that it is going to do you good

"If I only had some Sloan's Liniment!" How often you've said that! And then when the rheumatic twinge subsided—after hours of suffering—you forgot it! Don't do it again—get a bottle today and keep it handy for possible use tonight! A sudden attack may come on—sciatica, lumbago, sore muscles, backache, stiff joints, neuralgia, the pains and aches resulting from exposure. You'll soon find warmth and relief in Sloan's, the liniment that penetrates without rubbing. Clean, economical. Three sizes—35c, 70c, \$1.40

(Made in Canada)

**Sloan's
Liniment** (Pain's enemy)



The Right Tires, to suit your car and the roads you travel

If your car is a Ford or Chevrolet, Gray-Dort or Overland, the DOMINION "Grooved" or "Nobby" Tread give you non-skid, non side-slip Tires of consistent quality and proven mileage. Or—you may find that DOMINION "Chain", "Grooved" or "Nobby" Tread on the rear wheels and DOMINION "Plain" Tread on the front, are the ideal combination for comfort and mileage.

If you drive a heavier car like the Studebaker, McLaughlin, or Packard, you will have the utmost satisfaction with DOMINION "Royal Cord" or "Nobby" Treads—the supreme achievements in tire building.

The best dealers throughout Canada have DOMINION TIRES, DOMINION INNER TUBES and DOMINION TIRE ACCESSORIES.

DOMINION TIRES
ARE GOOD TIRES

A. SHELINE

AUCTIONEER

If you contemplate holding a Sale, see me as
My Prices are Right. I Guarantee all Settlements

YEARS OF EXPERIENCE

Reference: Merchants Bank of Canada.

Phone 11

THREE HILLS

Alberta

W. L. TOLTON

AUCTIONEER

For Sales and all other informations address to

HARRY EVANS - - Clerk

ALEX REID & SON

Village Lots for Sale from \$50.00 up.

Also several Good Farms from 160 acres up to 640 acres
in size. The Finest Wheat Lands in Alberta.

Community Hall

Opening of one of the Finest Billiard Halls in the Province,
containing Four new Snooker Tables and Four Pool Tables.
We carry a full line of **TOBACCOS & CIGARS**. Our
Tobaccos are always moist and we have the best Humidor.

Call in and we will be at your Service at any time
Come and make yourself at home.

A Full Line of Soft Drinks and Beer served
over the Finest Bar in Carbon

Our Drinks keep you cool in the hottest time of the year.

Community Hall

Anybody having SICK ANIMALS or
being in danger will do well to let us
know, as we never lose a chance to
cure or heal them.

ARTHUR FLETCHER

CARBON HOTEL

Thirty Rooms
Electrically Lighted throughout

J. W. BAIRD, Proprietor

DRAYING

and

COAL HAULING

at reasonable prices

HARRY DOLING

CARBON

Orders taken at the
ALEXANDRA TEA ROOMS

JOS. J. GREENAN, B.A.

Barrister, Solicitor
and Notary Public

(Also of Ontario Bar)

Local Agent for

Dominion Life Assurance Co.

Farm Lands and Town Lots for sale

CARBON

Alberta

FARMERS' EXCHANGE HALL

Saturday, May 7th.

"Her Five-Foot Highness"

FOR SALE.—One Fairbank-Morse
Portable Engine, 15 H.P. Price right.
W. H. T. OLIVE,
p. 8-0. Carbon.

MISS RUTH ELLIOTT A.B.L.I.

Private Maternity Home
ROCKYFORD

Write for Particulars

CARBON BILLIARD HALL

H. M. THORBURN, Prop.
has opened his new quarters next to
Post Office

CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCOS,
AND PIPES
always on hand

CANDIES and SOFT DRINKS

NOTICES IN POST OFFICE LOBBIES

Postmasters are warned against
allowing notices other than Post-
Office notices from being exhibited
in the lobby of the Post Office.
The Department is aware that pres-
sure is often brought to bear upon
post-masters to exhibit notices of
meetings for charitable and relig-
ious purposes, "Lost" and "Found"
notices, etc, but it is considered
that the Post Office proper should
be given up wholly to the Post Of-
fice in order the official notices of
the Department may receive the un-
divided attention which the pub-
lic interest require.

Carbon, Alta., May 2nd, 1921

The Editor.

Carbon News,

Dear Sir,

In your issue of Thursday last, a
short news item appeared relation
to the tennis court recently laid out
at the engineers camp. Now evi-
dently the would sporting reporte
means well, but while we would
gladly welcome any-one wishing to
come down and play with us or on
our court, we would surely like to
be allowed to do our own inviting.
However as some unknown friend
has already taken upon himself our
perogative, we heartily second him
in the spirit, if not in the wording
of his invitation. Bring both your
racquets and balls for we are not
always in camp.

The Survey Gang.

Arthur Charlebois, son of Mr D.
Charlebois, was taken to the hospi-
tal in Calgary last week, with ap-
peditis. The case was quite a se-
rious one, as Mr and Mrs Charle-
bois were called to Calgary on Sun-
day night.

TENDERS

will be received for breaking 100
acres on N.W. ¼ of Section 15,
Township 29, Range 22. Also 100
acres on N.W. ¼ of Sec. 22-29-22.
For further particulars, address

Wm. BROWN,
Parkland, Alta.

DR. A. J. JOHNSTONE

Physician & Surgeon

Office: Stringer Building
CARBON

Phone No. 4.

QUARTER SECTION

of good land to trade for a Chevro-
let or Dodge Car in good condition.
Dodge preferred. See Harry Dol-
ing, Carbon.

ACME, Monday, May 16th.
CARBON, Tuesday, May 17th.
SWALWELL, Wed. May 18th.
THREE HILLS, Thurs. May 19.

M. M. MECKLENBURG OPTOMETRIST

30 years Experience
17 years in Alberta
18 Bradburn-Thompson Bldg.
Phones 4156 & 5225
EDMONTON, Canada

JOHN KANERVA

AUTO PAINTING

is our specialty. We paint your
Car from \$15.00 up.

THREE HILLS PAINT SHOP

JAMES PHILLIPS

Cockshutt Implements and
Ford Cars

We have a Carload of Cockshutt Implements
coming from Factory

ONE FORD CAR, As Good As New \$450.00
McLAUGHLIN CAR, A1 Shape, for \$850.00

Also Big Bunch of TIRES, Ford size, going at
below cost. GRAIN PICKLERS, HARROWS,
FANNING MILLS, DEMOCRATS, WAGON
TREES and YOKE SETS.

4, 5 & 6 Horse Eveners
at Cost Price

Just Received a shipment of SPRING HATS

Also a good quality of Georgette
Crepe de Chine of all colors

UP-TO-DATE MILLINERY STORE

C. C. TURCOTTE, Proprietor

Lumber is almost on pre-war prices and you can now
Built that House or Barn which you have
Delayed.

No Order Too Large and None Too Small

IMPERIAL LUMBER YARDS LTD.

R. S. SHIELDS,

Local Manager

CARBON MEAT MARKET

F. OWEN

All kind of Fresh and Cured Meats and Fresh Fish
Cured Meat in first-class style. A full line of Lard.
Pork Sausage fresh daily.
Your Satisfaction means our Success

THE

MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

For the past fifty-five years this bank has given
particular attention to the business of Farmers.

We have helped many over the rough places, and
have aided many more to the highest plane of
success.

We are prepared to extend you every legitimate
aid in your farming operations.

Come in at any time and talk over your affairs
with us. You are always welcome.

J. O. A. LETOURNEAU
LOCAL MANAGER

Run No Risks

when symptoms of indigestion occur. Act quickly before these become obstinate.

Take

Beecham's Pills at once. In many cases a few doses will bring relief. Their success in stomach, liver and bowel disorders proves the worth of

BEECHAM'S PILLS
Sold every-where in Canada. In boxes, 25c., 50c.

AMONG THE DAISIES

By E. L.
Written Exclusively For This Paper

"And so, Nellie, you have made up your mind to go to the big city?"

Nellie swung her wide brimmed hat to and fro ere she replied:

"Yes, Ned. I want to be independent to earn money for myself, and now that Aunt Maria has this friend of hers coming, it's a good chance for me to get away."

Ned, big and brawny, with his shirt open at his pillar-like throat, a very son of the soil, could not forbear a slight smile as he looked down at the five feet of independence before him, who was about to go out and make her mark in the world.

Nellie was an orphan who had been brought up by her aunt, but for some time now her soul had chafed against the restraint of her quiet country existence. She was twenty-one and she wanted to go to the city.

And so, with a gay smile on her lips, standing amongst the daisies in the sunlit field that beautiful June afternoon, Nellie said "good-bye" to Ned who had loved her all her life. Ned was a prosperous young farmer, but he seemed very proud to Nellie who had all sorts of visions of being

a clever business woman and to whom the life of a farmer's wife did not in the least appeal. And Ned, whose heart was aching, said no word.

The weeks in the city passed slowly. The little room for which Nellie thought she had to pay a small fortune was hot and stuffy and she could not help remembering the clean white cottage she had left where the rambling roses climbed, and yes, sometimes as she struggled with the mysterious dots and dashes in the Pitman system, the beautiful green fields white with daisies rose before her. But she was proud and said no word, and in the country they thought she was happy. They had no idea of how lonely a little country girl of twenty-one can be in a large city.

And then one day Nellie took sick and for weeks she lay at the point of death. But youth and a good constitution triumphed. Ned and Aunt Maria travelled up to the city to see the "little lass."

"Praps," ventured Aunt Maria hopefully, "she may be willin' to come home for a spell, eh Ned?"

"I shouldn't wonder," replied Ned, setting his lips in a firm line, "I shouldn't wonder."

And when Nellie saw Ned she knew that she was not cut out for a career, that she was just a little country blossom which would quickly fade if transplanted elsewhere, and that she could, after all be quite happy in a farmhouse.

"Oh," she said, as they were leaving the hospital, "where are you taking me, Ned?"

"We're taking you home, my girl," Ned's voice was gruff, but his heart was full and he could hardly suffer himself to look at that little pale face which had been so blooming that last day they had talked among the daisies.

"Yes, dearie," chirruped Aunt Maria, "the city don't 'pear to have agreed with ye, but if ye have a rest and pick up ye can come back next summer."

Next summer came and on a lovely June day Nellie and Ned again stood in the field of daisies.

Ned stooped and picked one of the white blossoms and brushed it against her soft cheek.

"Are you going to the city this year, Nellie?"

"Maybel" replied Nellie mischievously, showing a provoking dimple as she smiled.

"And maybe not!" replied Ned masterfully, drawing her closer to him.

"Maybe not," he went on. "Instead I think you and I are going to be married and live in the big farmhouse down the lane. You were never meant for the big, hungry city, but just for a sweet country daisy."

As Nellie made no reply to this we presume that Ned was right.

Rub it in for Lame Back.—A brisk rubbing with Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil will relieve lame back. The skin will immediately absorb the oil and it will penetrate the tissues and bring speedy relief. Try it and be convinced. As the liniment sinks in the pain comes out and there are ample grounds for saying that it is an excellent article.

War With Wild Beasts

Many People In India Are Killed Every Year.

The struggle between human beings and wild animals in India seems to be constant. Last year fifty-five persons were killed by elephants, five by hyenas, 109 by bears, 350 by leopards, 853 by tigers, and 688 by boars and other animals. Poisonous snakes claimed no fewer than 22,478 victims. More than 19,000 wild beasts of various kinds were destroyed and 91,000 snakes were killed. High floods killed off many of the small animals that are ordinarily the prey of wild beasts, and this probably accounts for the attention that tigers and other large animals have given to their human neighbors.

It Will Prevent Ulcerated Throat.—At the first symptoms of sore throat, which presages ulceration and inflammation, take a spoonful of Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil. Add a little sugar to it to make it palatable. It will allay the irritation and prevent the ulceration and swelling that are so painful. Those who were periodically subject to quinsy have thus made themselves immune to attack.

Baby Specialists.

THAT there are Physicians who specialize on Infant ailments you know. All Physicians understand Infant troubles: all Physicians treat them. It is his profession, his duty, to know human ills from the Stork to the Great Beyond.

But in serious cases he calls in the Specialist. Why? He knows as every Mother knows, or ought to know, that Baby is just a baby, needing special treatment, special remedies.

Can a Mother be less thoughtful? Can a Mother try to relieve Baby with a remedy that she would use for herself? Ask yourself; and answer honestly!

Always remember that Baby is just a baby. And remembering this you will remember that Fletcher's Castoria is made especially for Infants and Children.

Children Cry For

Fletcher's
CASTORIA

The False and the True.

Advertising by the use of large space, the expenditure of huge sums of money have placed on the market, have put in your home, perhaps, many articles that today have been discarded, as you will readily admit.

Do you recall anything that has more modestly appealed to the public than has Fletcher's Castoria: modest in all its claims, pleading at all times—and truthfully—for our babies?

The big splurge, the misleading claims may win for a time, but the honest truth-telling advertiser is like the old story of the tortoise that beat the hare.

Mothers everywhere, and their daughters, now mothers, speak frankly, glowingly, enthusiastically in praise of Fletcher's Castoria. Speak of it lovingly as a friend that has brought comfort, cheer and smiles to their little one.

To them: to these true mothers no argument can induce them to set aside their bottle of Castoria, their old friend, that they might try even another and unknown remedy for babies. Then, would YOU think of going to YOUR OWN medicine chest to find relief for Baby's troubles? Can you not separate the false from the true?

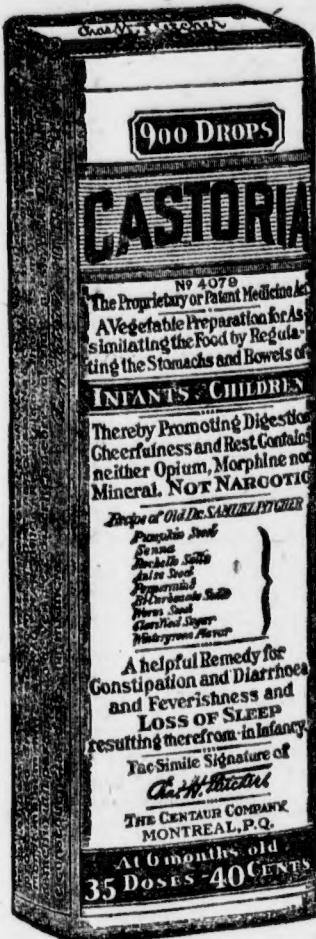
MOTHERS SHOULD READ THE BOOKLET THAT IS AROUND EVERY BOTTLE OF FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

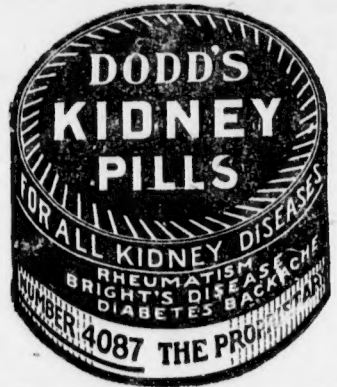
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Chas. H. Fletcher

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.



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MONEY ORDERS

When ordering goods by mail, send a Dominion Express Money Order.

FEMALE HELP WANTED

Neat appearing lady to act as our representative introducing useful line of fast selling articles. Write, Anderson Manufacturing Company, London, Ont.

"FALSE TEETH (old). Discarded Jewellery, Watches, Diamonds, Antiques, Ladies' Gents' Wardrobes. Highest Prices. Ellison, 467 Church St., Toronto."

"Write The Fruit Lands Exchange, Grand Forks, B.C., for Mixed Farms."

AGENTS WANTED: BLISS NATIVE HERBS is a remedy for the relief of Constipation, Indigestion, Biliousness, Rheumatism, Kidney Troubles. It is well-known, having been extensively advertised, since it was first manufactured in 1888, by distribution of large quantities of Almanacs, Cook Books, Health Books, etc., which are furnished to agents free of charge. The remedies are sold at a price that allows agents to double their money. Write Alonzo O. Bliss Medical Co., 124 St. Paul Street East, Montreal, Canada. Mention this paper.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.
A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, 2, 3. No. 2, 50c. per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Watson.)

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Mammoth Trees of California.

The mammoth tree of California, the giant of the famous coniferous grove at Calaveras, is 327 feet high by 90 feet in circumference. It is believed to be 3,000 to 4,000 years old.

PILES

Do not suffer another day with itching, bleeding, or protruding Piles. No surgical operation required. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and afford lasting benefit. 60c. a box; all dealers, or Edmanston, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample box free if you mention this paper and enclose 2c. stamp to pay postage.

Oil Development in Alberta.

The development of Okotoks and Black Diamond oil districts will be undertaken by the Royalite Company, recently incorporated and capitalized at \$1,000,000, of which, it is reported, \$800,000 of stock is held by the Imperial Oil Company, and \$200,000 by the Dingman interests. It is said that the Imperial Oil has contracted to spend \$400,000 in developments of the properties.

The halibut is the largest of the flatfish family.

Superstition of Sailors.

Old sailors believe ill-luck will surely follow if anyone even accidentally counts the number of persons on board ship.

MURINE Night and Morning. Have Clean, Healthy Eyes. If they Tingle, Itch, Smart or Burn, if Sore, Irritated, Inflamed or Granulated, use Murine often. Soothes, Refreshes. Safe for Infant or Adult. At all Druggists and Opticians. Write for Free Eye Book. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

MACDONALD'S Cut Brier

More Tobacco for the Money

"The Tobacco with a heart"

Canada's best buy—the **ECONOMY** Package

1/2 lb.-85¢



TO ASSIST THE FARMERS BY PLACING SETTLERS ON UNOCCUPIED LANDS

Managing Director of the Western Canada Colonization Association Discloses the Plans of the Organization.—Major-General A. D. McRae, C.B., Immigration Expert, Asks For Provincial Land Settlement Board and for Stabilized Lists of Vacant Lands With Prices Good For a Reasonable Period.

As Mr. T. A. Crerar has said, population is the only possible solution of the National Railways problem. The simple fact is that neither Western Canada nor Canada as a whole can continue to "carry on" without a marked increase in the number of people on the land. The present sparse population of the three prairie provinces inflicts an unnecessary burden upon the settlers themselves, as it does upon the entire country. The larger the number of actual farmers on the soil, the more potent will their voice be in regard to such questions as freights, elevating, marketing and purchasing.

A number of far-seeing men have brought the Western Canada Colonization Association into being. The organization has no share capital. Under its federal charter it can make no profits. It is financed by voluntary subscriptions from public spirited citizens who have the progress and welfare of the country at heart. Its Board of Directors is made up of representative farmers and leading business men. Its purpose is to bring under production the unoccupied lands lying close to existing railways and held out of cultivation in the main by absentee owners.

Major-General A. D. McRae, C.B., who was recently appointed managing director of the association, is an experienced colonization expert, and in the plan drawn up by him the heartiest co-operation on the part of the prairie province governments is essential to the success of the project. He asks that each of the three administrations appoint a Land Settlement Board to provide the association with a fixed list of unoccupied lands at prices good for a reasonable period. In his opinion little progress can be made with the difficult task of colonizing the west unless this request is complied with. He refuses to believe that any one of the provinces will forego its share of the prospective benefits to be derived from the great fund raised by the Western Canada Colonization Association.

During the last few days a delegation, including Major-General McRae, Mr. M. A. Brown, of Medicine Hat, Vice-President, and other Directors of the Association, has waited upon the Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta cabinets with a memorial setting forth the suggestions of the organization. In each case the deputation was received by the premier and his colleagues. The memorial presented read as follows:

To the Honourable Mr. Premier and Ministers of the Council:

I thank you on behalf of the Directors of the Western Canada Colonization Association for this opportunity of meeting with you to consider the problem of colonizing lands in your province.

Before proceeding, I would like to state the mission of our association. Our organization is supported entirely by voluntary subscriptions from prominent Canadian individuals and corporations. Business interests in Eastern and Western Canada have subscribed a very large sum of money to an association whose only aim is to assist in settling the unoccupied lands of Western Canada. This fact reveals a national realization of the urgent need for increased immigration to the land. Our undertaking in its very nature discloses an active sympathy with the people of the prairie provinces and their problems. Our whole object, as will be hereafter shown, is to better their economic position together with that of the whole Dominion.

To Settle Unoccupied Lands.

We seek no cash assistance from your government or any other government. Our association is a corporation without the power of gain. It cannot, under its charter, become interested in the sale of land on commission or for any other pecuniary consideration. We have no axe to grind except the public axe. Our sole purpose is to assist in the development of the western provinces and particularly in the placing of settlers on the unoccupied lands adjacent to the present railways. It is our desire to co-operate closely with all existing immigration agencies in order to avoid duplication and consequent waste of money and effort. By co-ordinating our efforts with those of the western provinces and the Dominion and by filling in the gaps in colonization work which governments cannot bridge, we hope to be an active force in a great forward movement.

We are here today with a simple request. We merely ask that you provide machinery enabling our association to co-operate effectively with your government in solving a problem, the solution of which, when all is said and done, rests squarely upon the shoulders of the three prairie provinces. The whole economic future of the country depends upon the

manner in which this responsibility is discharged.

Uniform System Needed.

With the disappearance of the free homestead land settlement became a difficult affair. So long as settlers could rush into the country and with the assistance of the local Dominion Land Agent find, within reasonable distance of the railway, good free land, little attention was paid to them. The whole situation is now changed. Most of the land has been alienated from the crown. The undeveloped lands are held largely by non-residents. Some uniform method of dealing with such lands must be adopted or they will not be available in a permanent and practical way for incoming settlers in large numbers.

The present haphazard method of listing lands for sale, with the probability that the owner may change his mind at any time (usually when a purchaser is in sight) makes it quite impossible for any private agency to undertake colonization in a big way.

A Fixed Price List Necessary.

The great need is a plan under which the unoccupied lands can be brought into the market in a systematic manner—a plan including the issue of maps and price lists holding good long enough for negotiations with prospective settlers, so that such settlers may come in, look over the land and close the deals before the price is jumped on them. We feel that the efforts of individuals or corporations to accomplish this in a large way are futile. In our judgment neither of them can compile for sale lists of unoccupied lands aggregating an acreage sufficient to justify the expense, with a permanency that will be found effective. If we are going to make satisfactory progress with the settlement of our unoccupied lands we must put the sale of such lands on a definite business basis. The central agency proposed by us will have its advantages for a multitude of non-resident landowners. It will offer them an active medium through which they may list their holdings.

Sparse Settlement Costly.

We have in mind the burden which the lack of proper direction of settlement has already inflicted on the western provinces. Such absence of direction has meant sparse settlements and otherwise unnecessary and economically unjustifiable public expenditures on branch railways, roads, schools, churches, telephones, etc. Not overlooking some unfortunate areas where settlement should never have been permitted, I feel that it will be greatly to the advantage of each of the western provinces to assume the direction of new settlers.

The Legislation Required.

I seriously believe that the success of our efforts to assist in the settlement of the unoccupied land in this province largely depends upon our being able to co-operate with and work through a properly constituted and effective provincial agency. We therefore desire to submit for your most earnest consideration the following legislation as in our judgment the minimum that will meet the situation and facilitate our endeavors for the public welfare.

(a) Establish a Provincial Land Settlement Board consisting of one director who will be responsible to and under the direction of the minister of agriculture.

(b) Require the owners of unoccupied land, upon receipt of notice, to file, within a given time, with the Land Settlement Board, their own valuation of their unoccupied land, together with terms thereon; such sale value (conditional upon the land still remaining unoccupied) to hold good for a period of two years or thereafter until the owner withdraws same; provision being made to allow the owner one year's interest at six per cent. on valuation and a refund of taxes paid in case a sale is made after the expiration of the first year.

(c) Make such valuation the basis for the unoccupied land tax.

(d) Authorize the Land Settlement Board to appraise any unoccupied land on which the owner has failed to make the required return and where it deems necessary, to appraise any unoccupied land on which the owner's sale valuation and terms are considered to be unreasonable and in effect a withdrawal of the land from settlement. Provide that such land shall be assessed double the unoccupied land tax by way of penalty.

(e) Require the non-resident owner of unoccupied land to appoint a duly authorized agent in the locality of his land, to whom purchasers may be referred. Require such owner to authorize such agent to effect sale on his behalf at the price and on the terms filed with the Land Settlement Board.

Work for the Land Board.

The foregoing recommendations are only what we regard as necessary to enable us to co-operate successfully

Saskatchewan's Lieut.-Governor



His Honor, Lieutenant-Governor H. W. Newlands, newly-appointed Lieutenant-Governor of Saskatchewan as successor to Sir Richard Lake.

with you. Once the Land Settlement Board has been established and its usefulness demonstrated, undoubtedly wide powers will be granted to it.

The board will deal with all immigration problems in and for the province. Not only will it be the instrument through which you will carry on your provincial immigration efforts, it will also direct the immigration brought through all the various agencies at work for our western development. It will direct the newcomers brought in as a result of the Dominion Government's efforts. It will afford a channel through which the drift of immigration that comes along "on its own" may be properly looked after.

Social Service for the Board.

The Land Settlement Board should also be able to achieve an invaluable service to the province by directing the new settlers in a general way into districts where their former agricultural experience is most likely to ensure their success and where their neighbors will offer them a congenial social environment. With the active support of the board it should be possible to maintain community organizations which will extend to the new settler and his family a hearty welcome and an entrance into the social life of the community. It is only by such means that the exodus of farmers from various districts can be stopped and the agricultural population be given that permanence of tenure which is essential to the continued growth and welfare of the country.

Internal Migration.

Furthermore, it would appear that the Land Settlement Board, with the information it will possess, will offer you an organization especially qualified to handle the transfer of settlers within the province.

In addition to dealing with the land coming directly under its control an effective Provincial Settlement Board will have a very powerful indirect influence on agricultural development throughout the province generally and will be a safeguard in protecting settlers from paying unjustifiably high prices for wild land. The operations of the board cannot act otherwise than as a stimulus to the sale of unimproved land to actual settlers at reasonable prices. It undoubtedly will result in bringing a big increased acreage under permanent production and incidentally in lessening the burden of taxation on the existing population.

An Established Principle.

The proposed legislation making the owner of unoccupied land his own assessor will merely follow the principle observed in the income tax return. This plan, if adopted, will render feasible the early issue of maps and price lists of unoccupied lands for sale in the province. Without such fixed lists no adequate land settlement can be secured.

At best it will require some months to compile maps, price lists, etc. A minimum period of two years' listing is therefore necessary. The additional consideration (interest for one year and a refund of taxes paid in the interval) allowed to the owner in case sale is made after the first year, makes this two year provision equivalent to a twelve months' listing which is the common practice.

A Just Proposal.

As to the penalty proposed, i.e., doubling the unoccupied land tax; I am sure it will be the consensus of public opinion that the man who will not improve his land or offer it for sale for actual settlement at a reasonable price, should pay something for the "community development" carried on by his neighbors.

In requiring the non-resident owner of unoccupied land to appoint an agent in the locality of the land you will be merely supplying a necessary link in the chain between the settler and the owner, and at the same time making use of the local man who has the knowledge and experience necessary to properly look after the newcomer. In addition to the outlay involved in establishing and carrying

Strong Plea for West at Railway Board Session

Emergency Relief Is Asked For at the Earliest Date Possible.

on the detail work of the proposed Land Settlement Board, the province must also expect to bear the expense of getting out maps and price lists of its unoccupied land, as well as literature to accompany same. All of this is constructive work and will be found very advantageous to the province.

Other Activities.

Moreover, if your province is to benefit, as it should, from the efforts of the Dominion Government and of voluntary associations such as the one I am permitted to direct, you should have two or three foreign offices of your own. In connection with these offices, particularly in the United States, the value of attending during the year fifteen to twenty American fall fairs, has been well established.

We anticipate that as our work in the United States and Great Britain develops opportunities will be offered to the western provinces to co-operate with us in furnishing "actual farmers" to carry on lecture work during the winter months. You may also wish to join in making other similar efforts destined to bring Western Canada to the door of the prospective settler. With such considerations in view we are anxious that your province should not (through failure to provide funds) find itself in a position of inability to co-operate with our association. Our association contemplates an annual expenditure much in excess of the total immigration expenditures we are suggesting for all the western provinces put together.

Will Benefit Present Farmers of the West.

The outstanding need of the west is more people on the land. Failing a far-reaching colonization effort a hopelessly sparse population must continue to bear an undue burden of municipal, provincial and federal taxation. Under these circumstances your government can scarcely afford to pursue a policy of inaction regarding immigration.

In helping to establish satisfactory conditions for incoming settlers this association is working and will work inevitably in the interests of those already on the land. It goes without saying that questions relating to freights, marketing, elevating and purchasing are common to all those engaged in agriculture.

To put it in another way this association proposes entering into partnership with the prairie provinces; it will be identified with the actual settlement of farmers on the soil; as a natural consequence the welfare of agriculture throughout the west must necessarily command the support of the organization.

The colonization efforts outlined above will necessitate some expenditure for land settlement work. In view of the fact that the unoccupied landowners in your province are now obliged to pay a special tax which yields several hundred thousand dollars annually, it would not appear unreasonable that a sufficient amount of this tax should be set aside to assist in colonizing such lands.

The legislation suggested, in our judgment, is the least possible which will assure a permanent price list of the unoccupied lands and a satisfactory agency through which sale can be effected.

A Great Opportunity.

The day for big private colonization schemes is over. Left to himself the small colonizer finds the effort required too great, the expense too heavy and the returns too uncertain. The area of the prairie provinces is so tremendous, the railways and their branch lines are so numerous that a collective settlement scheme is not practicable if incoming settlers are to be located within reasonable distances of existing transportation facilities. Any successful colonization plan must deal with the individual settler.

Given the opportunity to co-operate with and operate through an effective Land Settlement Board; given the line of continuity extending to the resident owner or the responsible local land agent; supplied with literature, maps and permanent price lists of unoccupied lands, I firmly believe the Western Canada Colonization Association can bring into the province a great number of the right kind of farmer settlers.

Respectfully submitted,
(Signed) A. D. McRae,
Managing Director.

Japanese General Suicides.

Tokio.—Lt.-Gen. Saito, commander-in-chief of the 11th Japanese division at Vladivostok, has committed suicide, his death being a sequel to the shooting of United States Lieut. W. H. Langdon in that city early in January.

Naval Sailing Deferred.

Ottawa.—The date for the sailing of the Canadian squadron has been put back one week. The department of naval service announce that the ships will leave Esquimalt for eastern waters on May 27.

Winnipeg.—Emergency relief at the earliest possible date in order to prevent production from falling to so low a level that it may constitute a most dangerous situation not only for the country at large, but also for the railways interested, was requested by H. J. Symington, K.C., on behalf of the Governments of Manitoba and Saskatchewan, at the concluding session of the Railway Commission here.

Mr. Symington declared that never before had similar conditions existed in the west, and that farmers organizations were instructing the farmers to produce only what they could harvest themselves. The farmers, he said, were becoming despondent, and urged that something be done at once to save the situation.

Hon. F. B. Carvell, chairman of the board, promised that as soon as the board got back to Ottawa he would convey Mr. Symington's request to the heads of the various railways and to his colleagues and that it would be given very serious consideration at once. If anything could be done, always remembering that they must remain within the restrictions and obligations imposed upon them by the railway law, he for one would be only too glad to do all he could to assist, Mr. Carvell said.

An application for a reduction in the summer freight rates on coal from the western coal mines to Winnipeg and as far east as Fort William was also made, and will be considered as soon as the board gets together in Ottawa, probably a week hence.

In resuming the discussion on the equalization of freight rates, F. H. Chrysler, K.C., representing the Railway Association of Canada, remarked that differences between the western and eastern rates, if they did exist, had already been reduced to about five per cent.

An Example To The World

President Harding Speaks On Amity Between Canada and U.S.

Washington.—The example of Canada and the United States dwelling alongside one another without fortifications for 100 years was pointed to as one which other nations might emulate, by President Harding in an address at an Oddfellows meeting here recently in celebration of the 102nd anniversary of the order. Such concord might be possible among other nations, the President said, if they possessed the same understanding and singleness of purpose "to forward the cause of humankind."

Unemployment In England

Is Growing at a Alarming Rate According to U. Consular Reports.

Washington.—Unemployment in England is increasing at an alarming rate, consular dispatches report. Birmingham, where more than 100,000 persons are idle, was cited as typical with an increase of eight thousand per week during the last three weeks.

An unprecedented volume of German goods is being dumped upon the British market, the message said.

Investigate Mineral Wealth in B.C.

Victoria, B.C.—The Canadian Pacific Railway and its subsidiary, the Consolidated Mining and Smelting Company, have appropriated a large sum of money with which to investigate the mineral wealth and production possibilities of the Esquimalt and Nanaimo railway mineral belt on Vancouver Island. D. C. Coleman, vice-president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, told Hon. Wm. Sloan, minister of mines.

Postpone Negotiations.

Paris.—The Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate has voted to postpone temporarily consideration of the question of a resumption of diplomatic relations between France and the Vatican.

Wheat Above Ground.

Lethbridge.—Two Taber farmers report wheat seeded this spring showing well above the ground.

Western Canada Is Attracting Great Numbers Of Settlers From U. S.

Nearly fifty thousand emigrants came from the United States to Canada in the year 1920 to make permanent homes in the Dominion. Practically all of these, it is estimated, were experienced agriculturists who either secured free government homesteads or purchased improved farms. Whilst this very desirable contribution to Canada's man power, deposited in the manner to best serve Canada's need, is only about one-third of that of the years prior to the war, it is estimated authoritatively that the Dominion received last year, and during the war years, as many farmers from the United States as she was wont to welcome, and that the classes whose emigration fell off due to war conditions were the industrial, the speculative and others not directly producers. It must also be borne in mind that would-be entrants at the border are sifted as carefully as at ocean ports, and that in the existing internal conditions, in some months, as many applicants at border towns were rejected for Canadian citizenship as were accepted.

Gratifying as was 1920's emigration of farmers from the United States, greater attention was drawn in that year to the augury of the 1921 exodus as evidenced in the more general interest taken in Canadian lands and agricultural affairs, the harvest of which will be reaped this year and years to come. Whilst large numbers of farmers came to settle with their families on western farm lands, there was an infinitely greater number of scouts who, for themselves or others, came to look over the situation, judge as to locality, pick out the land, and perhaps purchase, and then return to their homes to clear up their affairs before making the final move and settling in the newly chosen homes.

During the summer, under the auspices of the Dominion Government, special trains carrying American editors and business men toured the Canadian West, the trips being to many a revelation. They were surprised and delighted. They became boosters for the country. Many could not withstand investing in the assured future of the country. The consensus of opinion among these men, all representative of thickly settled agricultural districts and in close touch with the economic conditions pertaining to them, was that one hundred thousand Americans would settle in Western Canada during the present year. A great wave of immigration, they felt, was inevitable, and this the first tide of the early spring would seem to justify.

American farmers come up to Canada when it is borne upon them that as fine crops are being raised upon the low-priced lands of Canada as upon their own highly held holdings. They see Canadian farmers carrying off the world's premier honors in wheat and oats and successfully competing in corn against the recognized corn belt. They want to expand and secure larger holdings for themselves or growing families of boys, a development impracticable in their own localities.

The prevailing exchange situation has been decidedly advantageous to United States farmers purchasing in Canada, and instances have come to light where the entire proceeding of acquiring a new Canadian farm has been transacted on the difference in the exchange of money, the farmer, at the conclusion of the deal, being in possession of land of possibly greater acreage and the sum of money for which he sold his United States property intact.

Many American purchasers of improved farms have discovered a gratifying feature in the high productivity of cheap Canadian land in the fact that a farm may pay for itself in a single year, returning from the proceeds of the first harvest a revenue in excess of the purchase price of the farm.

United States farmers are being attracted to Canadian farms in increasing numbers yearly, and even the upheaval which the war brought

about did not interfere with this category of the United States exodus. In the first seven months of 1920, nearly 7,000 United States farmers took free government homesteads in the Western Canadian provinces, whilst thousands of others purchased cheap, privately held lands or improved farms. Canada's magnificent crop and her numerous international agricultural successes are going to attract more this year, whilst a sure forecast of what Western Canada has to expect from across the border this year and for years to come, is contained in the tremendous interest exhibited by United States farmers and others throughout the whole of last year.

Electric Method To Increase Grain Yield

**Southern Alberta Farmers Adopt
New Method of Treating Seed
Grain.**

Seed treated by a new process of seed electrification, a method which, it is claimed, will increase the yield, check the spread of fungoid diseases and improve the quality, will be sown this year by many of the leading farmers in Southern Alberta. A plant for the treating of seed has been established and already its capacity is taxed to such an extent that an enlargement will be made immediately.

Great claims are made as to the advantages of this system which is known as the Wolfryn Electro-Chemical process of seed electrification. The process consists in placing the seed to be treated in a bath containing a suitable metallic salt such as calcium or sodium chloride and weakly electrifying the same for a length of time appropriate to the seed under treatment. The solution is then run off, and the seed taken out and dried. The object of the salt is not only to decrease the resistance, or, in other words, to increase the conductivity of the seed-coat, but to maintain that conductivity during the period of germination. Calcium and sodium in correct proportions are, however, plant foods and assist in the after stimulation of root production.

This method is a new one to Canada, but it has been tried with remarkable success in England.

Advocate Widening Saskatchewan River

**At An Estimated Cost of Twenty
Millions River Could Be Made
Navigable.**

Hon. J. L. Cote, provincial secretary and minister of mines for Alberta, read a statement in the Ottawa House regarding the coal situation in his province. The key to the marketing situation, he said, was the widening of the Saskatchewan River.

The public works department had made a survey of this project and it was estimated by spending \$20,000,000 a channel six feet by 150 feet could be effected between Edmonton and Winnipeg. The reduction in freight would be from the present six mills per ton mile to 1 1/2 mills.

Checking the waters in the mountains would be contingent to the scheme and power could be generated, thus lessening the cost.

Timber of Nova Scotia.

The timber tracts of Nova Scotia still continue to be one of the biggest revenue producers for the province. In 1920, the total cut was about 350,000,000 feet, possessing a value as raw material of \$12,250,000. But this by no means covers the full value to the province and from the best sources of information obtainable it is estimated that the value of timber products during the past year was in the neighborhood of \$23,810,000.

Among after-the-war bargains offered by the British Government are 17 airplane stations, 9,000 basins, and 5,010 tins of chicken broth.

Motive Power Expert



R. A. Pyne, Superintendent of Motive Power and Car Department, Canadian Pacific Railway Western Lines.

"Sprouting" Potatoes Adds To Yield

**Given Start Before Planting Tubers
Will Develop More Quickly.**

By "sprouting" potatoes it is possible to add eighty-eight bushels per acre to the yield, this result having been obtained with Irish Cobblers last year. Sprouting is a common practice in Ireland, and consists of medium sized tubers selected before they have sprouted to any extent in the cellar, and either placed in shallow boxes or trays, preferably with the seed end up, or spread shallow on the floor of a room where there is a bright light. Either method will give almost equally good results. At first the temperature should be cool enough to prevent sprouting. The skin will soon turn green and become rather tough. The temperature is now raised enough for the tubers to sprout, and when treated as described two or three strong sprouts will develop from the seed end, the other eyes remaining dormant. Growth will thus be concentrated in these few shoots and, as a rule, there will be a larger proportion of marketable potatoes where there are a few good shoots than where there are many. If the potatoes are given plenty of light and the place where they are kept is fairly cool, the sprouts will become very sturdy, and strongly attached to the tuber, will be green in color, and will not be broken off in handling unless very carelessly used. Thus given a start before planting, they will usually come along rapidly and tubers will develop more quickly from sprouts which have grown slowly in a bright, cool place than from sprouts which have grown in a dark place, the latter, moreover, usually breaking off at the time of planting. Sprouts should be about two inches in length at the time of planting.

The warmest and best drained soil that is available should be used for extra early potatoes, says Dr. W. T. Macoun, Dominion Horticulturist, and the sets should be planted shallower than for the main crop so that they will get the advantage of the heat from the surface soil. In Great Britain the potatoes are planted whole when sprouted, growth being more vigorous when this method is followed, but this is not necessary in order to get an increase in yield. It has been found that, taking one year with another, the earlier potatoes are planted in most places in Canada after the ground is dry enough to work and danger of very severe frosts are over, the larger the crops will be.

The following is given as a general rule of guidance for planting potatoes in Canada for highest yields. Where the spring is early and autumn frosts early, plant early; where the spring is early and the summers dry, plant early; where the spring is late and autumn frosts late, early planting is not so important; where the spring is late and the autumn frosts are early, plant as soon as soil is dry enough.

As an aid to loveliness, Hindu women color their teeth black, while in Japan and China they paint their faces white with red on their cheeks and magenta on the lips.

In Order To Maintain Freedom of the World All Must Stand Together

No Danger From Comets

**Even If One Struck the Earth It
Would Not Harm Us.**

From time to time the columns of the newspapers are enlivened with reports that the earth is in imminent danger of collision with a comet. Alarming rumors of this sort, it will be recalled, attended the last visit of Halley's comet, and now it is the Pons-Winnecke comet that is about to annihilate us.

Sensational announcements on this subject having been erroneously credited in the press to Greenwich Observatory, Dr. A. D. C. Crommelin of that institution takes occasion to deny them in the Journal of the British Astronomical Association.

As to the chances of collision between the nucleus of the comet and the earth, he says that the uncertainty of the comet's distance from the sun at nodal passage is quite one-half million miles; the chance is, therefore, one in sixty that it falls within a particular eight thousand miles (the earth's diameter). Next, the comet's resolved velocity perpendicular to the ecliptic is about eight miles per second, which would mean one-third hour for eight thousand miles. Now, as the possible range of perihelion passage is some four hundred hours, the combined chance of collision with the head is one in 60x1200, or say one in 70,000. If we assume for the coma a diameter three times that of the earth, we should multiply the chance by 16, but it would still be only one in 4,000. Collision with the coma, says Dr. Crommelin, would probably almost escape notice, while even if the head were encountered there is no reason to anticipate anything more than a great meteor shower.

Clove Trees

**Grow Very Tall and Saturate Air
With Perfume.**

Ninety per cent. of the world's supply of cloves comes from two tiny islands off the coast of Africa—Zanzibar and Pemba. Native of the tropics, the clove takes unto itself some of the intense heat of the broiling sun. To pass through a clove plantation in the harvest is to experience one of the most fascinating sights on earth. The high trees—some of them nearly forty feet, and closely resembling the olive tree in appearance—are suggestive of giant perfume bottles, disguised in leaves. The air is saturated with the delicious scent and for many days afterward your clothes carry the seductive aroma.

Sun Spots

**Spotted Parts Have Lower Tempera-
ture Than Bright Area.**

If the latest theory in regard to sun spots, i.e., that they are a sign of the commencing debility of the dwarfed and shrunken star which we call the sun is correct, they will become more frequent and larger as ages pass, until at length our much admired orb of day is darkened and ceases to be a worthwhile source of heat. Astronomers and meteorologists are much interested in sun spots, and keep a constant watch on them. During the last few months they have been remarkably few and small. It seems to have been proved that spotted areas of the sun have a lower temperature than the bright spots. Hence it is inferred that quite possibly the recent relative absence of sun spots may be accountable for the remarkably warm winter we have been enjoying.

Work on Alberta and G. W. Railway.

Already 202,000 ties have been distributed along the Albert & Great Waterways Railways in readiness for spring construction, while a total of 300,000 has been cut and will soon be in place, according to officials of the company. Men are now engaged in laying the ties where needed, and as soon as the frost goes out of the ground great activity will prevail.

Sir Auckland Geddes, British ambassador at Washington, was the principal speaker at the annual dinner of St. George's Society of New York at the Waldorf Astoria. Five hundred members and guests attended, women and men dining together for the first time in the history of the society.

Sir Auckland, who was received with great applause, remarked that while St. George's Societies were dining in celebration of the day in Canada, Australia, India and other parts of the world, no dinners were being held in England because of the labor troubles.

"England is only one-fifth as large as Texas, small and not particularly fertile," he said, "but rich in men and women. That is the treasure of it."

The labor troubles in England, the ambassador said, were only another form of the old fight that was fought in England for democratic government. The trouble was part of the cost of the war which had disarranged the economic machinery of Europe, but the difficulties would be overcome.

Speaking of those who are trying to break the ties of friendship and understanding which exist between the allies and associated nations which fought together in the war, Sir Auckland said they were striving to drive a wedge between the nations and make hostility take the place of friendship, endeavoring to drop the seeds of suspicion in each country, whispering to simple people and trying to arouse distrust.

"It is," he declared, "the work of broken and defeated men who have nothing to lose and all to gain. Co-operation between the allied and associated powers must be insisted upon and kept prominently in the minds of men, for these stand against militarism and stand for freedom and democratic rule. These are things that matter."

"I know of no question which is not easy of solution by half a dozen sensible men gathered about a table."

"These rumors and whisperings are all part of a game to trouble the waters that these defeated men may go fishing. It is vital that all interested in maintaining freedom in the world stand together and oppose these base suspicions which are intended to make us feel less friendly towards each other."

Germans Trying To Secure Spanish Market

**Quoting Prices Far Below Those Of
Other Countries.**

George White, an American, writing from Barcelona to the Daily Mail, says the Germans are making "a drive to secure the Spanish market in practically every line of industry," and says they are quoting prices irrespective of value in order to capture the market.

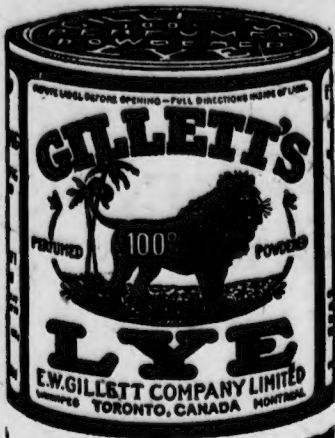
The writer gives several instances of the prices quoted by the Germans as compared with those quoted by firms of other countries. He cites the case where a big American firm offered a cement mill f.o.b. New York for \$110,000; the Germans bid on practically the same machine f.o.b. Hamburg for \$20,000 less.

The Germans, he says, are quoting cement delivered in any port in Spain at 100 pesetas, which is about 20 pesetas below the standard price Spanish manufacturers ask. Tramway tickets they are offering at less than half the sum any of the local people can print them for and they guarantee delivery in four weeks as against three months.

The writer concludes that if the Germans continue their present programme they are "going to drive many of the Spanish manufacturers to the wall."

Alberta Farmers Import Dairy Stock.

A movement is on foot in the neighborhood of Coaldale, the centre of the alfalfa region, to bring from 60 to 80 cows from Ontario by an association of farmers and entering into the selling of milk locally as well as the manufacture of butter.



World Happenings Briefly Told

Ford Motor Co. has started recall of single workers without dependents to its automobile plant at Detroit.

Final figures of the referendum commission put Toronto on the wet side by a majority of 9,010.

A Cincinnati woman left the bulk of her estate to the U.S. Government to help pay off the war debt.

A Detroit judge permitted a prisoner to leave court to attend a funeral. He hasn't got back yet.

Welland, Ont., fears loss of early cherries by the recent severe cold weather.

In five years Chicago has had 1,144 murders, New York 1,121 and London, England 128.

Provision for protection of the Holy Sepulcher against fire has been made by Sir Herbert Samuel, high commissioner for Palestine, says the Palestine weekly.

C. A. Birkett, of Fort William, was appointed secretary of the Grain Inquiry Board at an informal meeting of members. He has arrived in Winnipeg.

Four men were fined \$200 and costs or thirty days in jail, and three others were remanded on charges of disorderly conduct arising out of the unemployed demonstration in Toronto.

Sir Edgar Walton, the high commissioner for South Africa, in an interview with the London Times, says General Smuts' government has got well into the saddle and already had done much to unite the people.



Keeps Baby's Skin Healthy

If every mother could only realize the danger which lurks in the neglect of chafing and skin irritations she would not take chances on being without Dr. Chase's Ointment to apply after baby's bath.

It arrests the development of eczema and makes the skin soft, smooth and velvety.

50 cents a box, all dealers, or Edman, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

Dr. Chase's Ointment

W. N. U. 1366

To Begin Irrigation Work

To Bring Water to 100,000 Acres in the Lethbridge District.

It is now assured that construction on additional irrigation works to bring water to 100,000 acres in the Lethbridge Northern Irrigation district, will be started on the 1st May. The legislature of Alberta now in session has unanimously decided to guarantee the necessary finances. The large farming area already under irrigation around Lethbridge has been very profitable. Bonds covering expenditure for the new irrigation area guaranteed by the province of Alberta will shortly be on the market.

THE FATEFUL YEARS FOR EVERY WOMAN

How to Overcome Troubles That Afflict Women Only.

So far as a woman's health is concerned, probably the most fateful years in her life are those between 45 and 50. Many women enter this period under depressing conditions, through overstrain in household cares, or a neglected condition of the blood, and so they suffer heavily.

Amongst the commonest symptoms at this time are headaches, pains in the back and sides, fever flushes, palpitation, dizziness and depression. It is well to know that these variations of health can be relieved by home treatment. What women stand in need of all their life, but never more so than in middle age, is rich, red blood. As a tonic for the blood and nerves, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are always useful, but especially will they help women at this time.

Among those who have found beneboxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is Mrs. J. A. McDougall, Rhodena, N.S., who says: "I was greatly troubled with nervousness, palpitation of the heart, dizziness, and a generally run down condition. It was only with difficulty that I could do my work, and although I had been taking medicine for some time I did not improve. Finally a friend advised Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I got a supply and began taking them. The result more than met my expectations, and I am feeling better than I have done for years, sleep well, eat well, and do my housework much more easily. In my case the pills certainly did what you claim for them."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all dealers in medicine, or you can get them by mail at 50c a box or six fit through the use of Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

London maintains a laundry school, where girls are taught the true art of washing clothes.

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians

An Ancient Spinster

Poland Claims to Have the Oldest Maid in Central Europe.

Poland claims the oldest spinster in Central Europe. She is Miss Anna Dobek, living in Chocholow, who recently celebrated her 123rd birthday. Miss Dobek is still quite active, physically and mentally, and does some housework each day.

She also has a sense of humor, and to her acquaintances, attributes her longevity to the fact that she has never been bothered by having a man about the house. Miss Dobek doesn't like cats, either.

Every careful and observant mother knows when her child suffers from worms. She also knows that if some remedy be not speedily applied much harm will result to the infant. An excellent preparation for this purpose is Miller's Worm Powders. They drive worms from the system and set up stimulating and soothing effects, so that the child's progress thereafter is painless and satisfying.

Lignite Coal in Western Canada.

The coal produced at the Lignite Utilization plant at Bienfait, Sask., will be placed on the Winnipeg market at \$11.50 per ton, according to a statement made recently in the Manitoba Legislative by Hon. T. H. Johnson, attorney-general. If all that is claimed for the briquettes manufactured at the Bienfait plant is correct, the price above quoted should revolutionize the coal trade of Winnipeg.

Direct wireless communication between England and Australia has been successfully effected on the Marconi principle. The distance covered is between 12,000 and 13,000 miles.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

Eyelet Embroidery Is A Favored Trimming



By Marie Belmont.

One of the most interesting developments in the adorning of the new spring frocks and suits is the lavish use of eyelet embroidery. It is exceedingly effective, as it permits the use of contrasting fabrics which add much to the beauty of the models. This dress, cut from soft folds of salmon chiffon is partly veiled by ecru batiste. The latter richly embroidered with eyelets, is disposed in panels on the front of the dress. The lower part of the corsage is covered with the batiste which is cut in pointed style. A huge sash of chiffon is bowed at the waistline, and the long ends become panels that are much longer than the front of the gown.

Among the Russian crown jewels, the whereabouts of which remain a mystery, is an emerald weighing six and three-quarter pounds.

Why suffer from corns when they can be painlessly rooted out by using Holloway's Corn Remover.

The first successful aerial photograph taken by the British was one of Neuve Chapelle, in 1914.

Catarrhal Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Catarrhal Deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing may be destroyed forever. Many cases of Deafness are caused by Catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. All Druggists 75c. Circulars free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

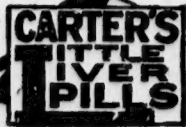
New Creamery Plant Planned.

Several creamery and cold storage plants, construction of which was commenced last year, are to be completed as quickly as possible this summer by the Saskatchewan Co-operative Creameries. The new plants are at Yorkton, Weyburn and Melfort.

That's Why You're Tired

—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite—Your Liver Is Sluggish—CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will help put you right in a few days.

They act quickly though gently and give nature a chance to renew your health. Correct the immediate effects of constipation, relieve biliousness, indigestion and sick headache. Small Pills—Small Dose—Small Price



Prominent Western Man Praises Tanlac



G. W. Logan, Peabody, Kansas

"Tanlac has completely restored my health and I feel finer than in years," was the straightforward statement made recently by Mr. George W. Logan, of Peabody, Kansas, one of the most prominent stock-dealers in the Middle West.

"It has not only made a new man of me but I have actually gained thirty-five pounds in weight, and feel as well as I ever did in my life. I am telling all of my friends about Tanlac but they can see for themselves what it has done in my case."

"When I began taking Tanlac I was in an awful run-down condition. I was away off in weight, felt weak and nervous all of the time and couldn't

take any interest in my work or anything else. My main trouble was indigestion. Nothing seemed to agree with me. At times I would have dizzy spells and at other times my back would ache so bad that I could hardly get up and down in my chair. This is just the condition I was in when I started to take this medicine. It took just six bottles to make a well man of me. I now have a fine appetite, everything tastes good and my digestion is perfect."

"My wife was also troubled with indigestion at times and it relieved her the same way. You may publish my statement wherever you like and if anyone doubts it, just tell them to see me."

Big Sale of Timothy Seed.

Growers of Timothy seed in the Pincher Creek district, Alberta, have recently sold 500,000 pounds of seed to a Chicago firm. The price paid was from 5 1/2 to 6 1/2 cents per pound.

Some Yield

An acre of ground planted with bananas will, it is estimated, produce nearly 20 tons of fruit, as each bunch of bananas weighs from 70 to 80 pounds.

Satisfaction in both Cans

Imperial Mica Axle Grease contains just enough powdered mica to form a smooth, hard surface on the axle which relieves friction and enables grease to do its work better. It prevents hot boxes and scored axles, and outlasts other greases two to one.



Imperial Eureka Harness Oil penetrates every fibre of leather, thereby excluding moisture, dust and sweat. It preserves harness, and prevents cracking and breaking of stitches. Harness that is treated with it lasts for years, looks well all the time and requires little repairing.

Ask your nearest dealer about these two high quality products. He has both in convenient sizes.

IMPERIAL OIL LIMITED
Power - Heat - Light - Lubrication
Branches in all Cities

In 2, 5, 10, and 20-lb. tins



Send for Book of Recipes, FREE!

It is the children who tax the Crown Brand factory to its capacity. There is some vital need of children that it satisfies better than anything else. That is why it does them so much good—whether used as a spread, as a table syrup, in baking, cooking or candy-making.

THE CANADA STARCH CO., LIMITED, MONTREAL

Crown Brand Syrup
"The Great Sweetener"

FORD: the Universal Car

The toughest, roughest Roads here or anywhere can't stop a Ford. It has the power.

We sell FORD CARS and Genuine FORD PARTS

JAMES PHILLIPS
DEALER

REAL ESTATE LOANS INSURANCE

H. A. EVANS

Office: Municipal Hall.

ALEXANDRA TEA ROOMS

Ice Cream & Confectionery

Our new Stock of Candies
Just Arrived

NOTICE

If you are figuring on Installing a Furnace or Troughing your House, I can save you money.

I also do Repair Work

Bring Your Pails and Pans that have Holes in them and have them Repaired

C. E. HANNAY, Tinsmith

W. A. BRAISHER

SADDLER and HARNESS MAKER

A number of New Stock Saddles for Sale.
5 p.c. Discount on these.

2 Second Hand Stock Saddles and 1 English Military Saddle
For Sale. Cheap.

Agent for 1 year guaranteed Halters and 5 & 2 year
guaranteed Traces.

Now is the Best Time to have your Kalsomining and Papering done. It will cost you much less than if you wait until Spring.

Out of town work receives prompt attention

Albert Heys

Painter and Decorator

P.O. Box 109

THE CARBON NEWS PRINTING

We are now equipped to do
all kind of first-class Printing
at REASONABLE PRICES

A BIT OF PLAIN TALK

Our little village has always been known as one of the most hospitable and pleasure-loving one in the district. Wherever we travel, we always hear the remarks that 'Carbon is the place where a person enjoys a little bit of life.' The old-timer is proud of it, and the newcomer has all the benefits of it. But, (yes, there is a but), like all good things it can be overdone, and this overdoing will be the beginning of its destruction. Among the evils which confront us, we wish to mention two of them in particular. One is the knocker and the other one is the toleration of prostitutes.

A person can be a knocker in different ways: the knocker who find fault with everything, who criticizes and knocks every public enterprise and even people's private affairs, but the worst of them all are those, who by being tolerated themselves to a certain extent in their illegal business, are not satisfied with this, but are endeavoring to make the public believe that they "are it," and that all those who don't approve them are in the wrong, and that this village is the "mecca" of a certain class who are not tolerated anywhere else. We all know them as jokers, but what about the traveller who comes here with the intention of prospecting or locating. Are these knockers not a detriment to our village in giving it a black eye?

When the respectable citizen in our village keeps to himself, these knockers are "talking their heads off," and for anybody who don't know them, this village is depicted as a terrible place: a place of bootleggers, drunks, etc.

For the sake of the good name and the bright future of our village, let us treat them as 'jokers,' and let us make them understand this, in order that they will stop this boosting of everything that is more or less immoral and illegal.

Enough said about them.

Now we come to a subject which is more or less a thorn in all our villages, and which is a delicate subject to tackle.

We have been visited lately, much too often, by some of the city vamps, who are not only destroying the morality but also the health of our young generation.

We understand that an order has been passed by our Council, to keep them out of town, but of no avail. There must be a nigger in the woodpile somewhere, as there has never been a complaint signed before the proper authorities.

A complaint can be laid by any body against these vamps under Sect. 238 of the C. C. of C. which says:

"Everyone is a loose, idle or disorderly person or vagrant who, being a common prostitute, wander on public streets and does not give a satisfactory account of herself."

We understand that some of our ladies have been petitioning signatures to keep them out of the village, but it is our opinion that all the petitions in the world will not keep them out, if **no action is taken.** It is a 'Farce Comedy' to beg for signatures when with a simple complaint to the proper authorities, these prostitutes can be chased out or can be put in a place where they really belong.

It has come to our knowledge that last Friday night, one of these vamps was holding a conversation in a public place which should make every respectable person

OFFERS A BIG REWARD



If you see this woman you'll know her instantly by her
**tricky eyes
dangerous smile
exquisite gown
nimble fingers**

Catch her!

Shes
Silly Moll

"OUTSIDE THE LAW"

UNIVERSAL
JEWEL
Directed by
TOD
BROWNING

PRISCILLA
DEAN
EDWIN
STANLEY

At The
FARMERS' EXCHANGE
WEDNESDAY, MAY 11th.

ashamed. Our candid opinion is that it is a real joke, the way people are dodging around the question: "Are we going to allow these vamps to come periodically to our village?" and we don't hesitate to say that those who do so much talking about it, are not quite sincere nor serious.

The Carbon News is certainly not a Sunday School paper, but we are simply indicating here the limits, which we must not overstep. We humbly admit that we don't belong to the 'holy-holy' class, but we don't neither believe in the overstepping of anything that is a detriment to the good name of our village. Let us show these 'tattlers' that we all want a clean town, and that we can enjoy life and pleasure in a respectable and law-abiding manner.

CAN YOU BEAT IT?

When the husband does bootlegging and makes his money in a more or less illegal way and his wife walks on the street covered with silk, the friction of which calls out "whisky, whisky" and who blatters about everybody, and has the "gal" to sign petitions to stop bootlegging, and accuse good citizens of not doing their duty because they don't want to be dupes. Can you beat that?

We regret to report the death of Robert J. Taylor, of Carbon, Alta., brother of Mrs James W. Hay.

Mr Taylor was taken seriously ill on Saturday, with appendicitis. He was rushed to the hospital for an operation, but death met him ere he could regain his strength. He was 20 years of age and leaves a number of sisters, brothers and his father to mourn his death.

The funeral took place Thursday afternoon.

Council Meeting Monday, May 2nd.

By-Law No 1, a By-Law Regulating and Governing Billiard Tables was given a third reading, and recorded. \$5.00, first Table, and \$2.50, for each additional Table. By-Law No 7, A By Law regulating and Governing Pictures Shows and Theatres was given a third Reading and Recorded. By-Law No 18, a By-Law Regulating and Governing Travelling Shows, Theatres, and Places of Public Entertainment was given the third Reading and recorded. License fee \$15.00, for first days performance and \$10.00, each additional day. It was passed that Mr D. W. Doerksen be given the Contract as Village Scavenger, and the work to start right away. It was passed that three acres or thereabout be bought for a Nuisance Ground, that a Suitable place be located and reported at the next meeting. It was passed that Mr Bruels be allowed to put a Car Service Gasoline Pump, on the edge of the side walk, for serving the same purpose.

It was passed that work for grading be started on Glengary street, some repairs be done on Aberdeen Avenue, that a culvert be built on Aberdeen Ave. and Gray street, and that Caradoc Avenue be graded and if possible, be gravelled, where needed.

C. Langlais, son of H. Langlais, of Rosebud, was badly hurt, being thrown from his horse. Our local doctor Johnston is attending the case.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Next Sunday, May 8th is Mothers' Day. All mothers are specially invited to the service in the Church at 7.30, when they are to be entertained by the children.

We will find a little space for the daddies too.